

LES ADJECTIFS POSSESSIFS

POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

SINGULIER		PLURIEL	MEANING
MASCULIN	FÉMININ		
Mon [mon]	Ma [ma]	Mes [mé]	My
Ton [ton]	Ta [ta]	Tes [té]	Your One person (casual)
Son [son]	Sa [sa]	Ses [sé]	His / Her
Notre [no tr]	Notre [no tr]	Nos [no]	Our
Votre [vo tr]	Votre [vo tr]	Vos [vo]	Your One person (formal) / A group of people
Leur [leu r]	Leur [leu r]	Leurs [leu r]	Their



EXPLANATIONS

IN ENGLISH

The **POSSESSIVES ADJECTIVES** refers to the gender of **the owner**.

Example : **His** cat is grey.

Here, we use « **His** » because the **owner is a boy / a man**.

Example : **Her** cat is grey.

Here, we use « **Her** » because the **owner is a girl / a woman**.

IN FRENCH

The **POSSESSIVES ADJECTIVES** don't refer to the **owner**, but instead, to the gender of **the thing which is owned**

Example : « **Son** chat est gris ».

Here, we use « **Son** », because the **cat is a male**.

Example : « **Sa** chatte est grise ».

Here, we use « **Sa** », because the **cat is a female**.

PARTICULAR CASE

To make words easier to pronounce together,

when followed by a **vowel (a e i o u y)**

« **Ma / Ta / Sa** » turn into « **Mon / Ton / Son** ».

Example : « **Ma** amie est française ».

My friend (girl) is french.



« **Mon** amie est française ».

My friend (girl) is french.