

LES ADVERBES DE MANIÈRE

A D V E R B S O F M A N N E R

INTRODUCTION

ADVERBS of MANNER

are used to describe **how** the action of the **VERB** is done.

(ex : « **Quickly** » / « **Easily** » / « **Well** »)

Since most **ADVERBS** follow the rules we covered in the previous lesson,

let's focus directly on **practical adverbs**

you can use in your **daily conversations**.

FRENCH	PRONUNCIATION	ENGLISH
Aussi / non plus	[o si / non plu]	Also / Neither

J'aime **aussi** la musique.
Je n'aime pas **non plus** le sport.

(I **also** like music.)
(I don't like sport **neither**.)

Ensemble	[an san b l]	Together
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Ils parlent **ensemble** tous les jours.

(They speak **together** everyday.)

Seul(e)	[seu l]	Alone
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Il voyage **seul**. / Elle voyage **seule**.

(He / She travels **alone**.)

Seulement	[seu le man]	Only
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Il travaille **seulement** le lundi.

(He **only** works on Monday.)

Bien / Mal	[bi un ma l]	Well / Badly
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Tu chantes **bien / mal**.

(You sing **well / badly**.)

Mieux / Moins bien.	[mi e / mou un bi un]	Better / Less well
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Elle cuisine **mieux / moins bien**.

(She cooks **better / less well**.)

Comme ça.	[kô m sa]	This way
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Elle travaille **comme ça**.

(She works **this way**.)

Pareil	[pa rè y]	The same way
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Il travaille **pareil**.

(He works **the same way**.)

Autrement / Différemment	[o tre man / di fé ra man]	Differently
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Nous travaillons **autrement / différemment**.

(We work **differently**.)

FRENCH	PRONUNCIATION	ENGLISH
Vraiment	[vrè man]	Really

Je parle **vraiment** bien français.

(I speak french **really** well.)

Très	[trè]	Very
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Il est **très** gentil.

(He is **very** kind.)

Tellement	[tè le man]	So
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Elle est **tellement** drôle...

(She is **so** funny...)

Rapidement / Vite	[ra pi de man / vi t]	Quickly
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Il mange **rapidement**. / vite.

(He eats **quickly**.)

Lentement	[lan te man]	Slowly
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Elle mange **lentement**.

(She eats **slowly**.)

Facilement	[fa si le man]	Easily
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Il imagine **facilement**.

(He imagines **easily**.)

Difficilement	[di fi si le man]	With difficulty
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Elle trouve **difficilement**.

(She finds **with difficulty**.)

Sérieusement	[sé ri e ze man]	Seriously
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J'étudie **sérieusement**.

(I study **seriously**.)

Couramment	[kou ra man]	Fluently
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Tu parles **couramment** français.

(You speak french **fluently**.)

EXCEPTIONS

In here we are going to focus on some **very specific exceptions**.

The few following **ADVERBS** are a bit different compared to other ones:

Seul (Alone)/ **Ensemble** (Together)

Pareil (the same way)

Comme ça (This way)

Aussi (Also)

Très (Very)

Previously, we learned that no matter what the tense is,
we usually place the **ADVERB** after the **FIRST VERB**.

But the **ADVERBS** we just mentionned being exceptions,
you are going to place them after the **SECOND VERB**.

Let's use the **ADVERB « Seul »** (Alone)

and have a look about how to use it with all the tenses we already learned. :



ADVERBS EXCEPTIONS – PAST TENSE

SUBJECT	1 st VERB	2 nd VERB	ADVERB
J'	ai	voyagé	seul.

I travelled **alone**.

ADVERBS EXCEPTIONS – PRESENT TENSE

SUBJECT	1 st VERB	ADVERB
Je	voyage	seul.

I travel **alone**.

ADVERBS EXCEPTIONS – FUTURE TENSE

SUBJECT	1 st VERB	2 nd VERB	ADVERB
Je	vais	voyager	seul.

I will travel **alone**.

CONCLUSION

As you can see,
this type of **ADVERB** comes after the **SECOND VERB**.