

PRÉPOSITIONS : ENDROITS

PREPOSITIONS : PLACES

MASCULINE PLACES

In front of « **MASCULIN** » places,
use the preposition « **au** »

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
Au marché	[o ma r ché]	At / To the market
Au supermarché	[o su pèr ma r ché]	At / To the supermarket
Au bureau	[o bu ro]	At / To the office
Au restaurant	[o rè s to ran]	At / To the restaurant
Au café	[o ka fé]	At / To the cafe
Au cinéma	[o si né ma]	At / To the cinema
Au parc	[o pa r k]	At / To the parc
Au jardin	[o ja r dun]	At / To the garden

FEMININE PLACES

In front of « **FÉMININ** » places,
use the preposition « **à la** »

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
A la piscine	[a la pi si n]	At / To the swimming pool
A la salle de sport	[a la sa l de spô r]	At / To the gym
A la boulangerie	[a la bou lan je ri]	At / To the bakery
A la pâtisserie	[a la pa ti se ri]	At / To the cake (pastry) shop
A la librairie	[a la li brè ri]	At / To the book store
A la bibliothèque	[a la bi bli o tè k]	At / To the library
A la banque	[a la ban k]	At / To the bank
A la station de métro	[a la sta si on de mé tro]	At / To the metro station

STARTING WITH A VOWEL

When a place noun starts with a **vowel** (a e i o u y (h))

Then « **au** / **à la** » turn into « **à l'** »

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
A l'é cole	[a lé kô l]	At / To the school
A l'u niversité	[a lu ni vè r si té]	At / To the university
A l'ar rêt de bus	[a la rè de bu s]	At / To the mall

PLURAL PLACES

In front of « **PLURIEL** » places,
use the preposition « **aux** »

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
Aux toilettes	[o tou a lè t]	At / To the toilets

PARTICULAR CASES / EXCEPTIONS

The following nouns end with an « e »,
so, in theory, they should be considered as « FÉMININ » nouns.

But they are **exceptions** :
those words are, in fact, « MASCULIN » nouns.
Therefore, we use the article « au » in front of them.

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
Au centre commercial	[o san t r ko m è r si a l]	At / To the mall
Au musée	[o mu z é]	At / To the museum
Au stade	[o sta d]	At / To the stadium
Au théâtre	[o té a t r]	At / To the theater

The following noun ends without an « e »,
so in theory, it should be considered as a « MASCULIN » noun.

But actually, it is an **exception** :
this word is in fact, a « FÉMININ » noun.
Therefore, we use the article « à la » in front of it.

VOCABULARIES	PRONUNCIATION	MEANING
À la maison	[a la mè zon]	At / _ home